

**1) Desperation (Noun) - निराशा**

**Meaning:** a state of despair, typically one which results in rash or extreme behaviour.

**Synonyms:** hopelessness, despair, distress

**Antonyms:** hope, hopefulness, advantage

**Usage:** "she wrote to him in desperation"

**2) Legitimate (Adjective) - कानूनी**

**Meaning:** conforming to the law or to rules.

**Synonyms:** legal, lawful, licit

**Antonyms:** illegal, illegitimate

**Usage:** "his claims to legitimate authority"

**3) Convulsed (Verb) - काबू / हिंसकरूपसेहिलना**

**Meaning:** suffer violent involuntary contraction of the muscles, producing contortion of the body or limbs.

**Synonyms:** shake uncontrollably/violently, go into spasms

**Antonyms:** cried, wept, sobbed

**Usage:** "she convulsed, collapsing to the floor with the pain"

**4) Crippled (Verb) – विकलांगहोना**

**Meaning:** cause (someone) to become unable to walk or move properly.

**Synonyms:** disable, paralyse, immobilize

**Antonyms:** able-bodied

**Usage:** "a young student was crippled for life"

**5) Tilt (Noun) - झुकाव**

**Meaning:** move or cause to move into a sloping position.

**Synonyms:** lean, tip, list

**Antonyms:** level, right

**Usage:** "the floor tilted slightly"

**6) Plunged (Verb) - जल्दीसेजोरलगाना**

**Meaning:** push or thrust quickly.

**Synonyms:** thrust, stick, ram

**Antonyms:** increased, rose, grew

**Usage:** "he plunged his hands into his pockets"

**7) Stampeded (Verb) - बेतहाशाभागना**

**Meaning:** rush wildly in a sudden mass panic.

**Synonyms:** bolt, charge, rush

**Antonyms:** retreat, standing, recess

**Usage:** "the nearby sheep stampeded as if they sensed impending danger"

**8) Dumping (Verb) - केनिपटानकरना**

**Meaning:** deposit or dispose of (rubbish, waste, or unwanted material), typically in a careless or hurried way.

**Synonyms:** dispose of, get rid of, throw away

**Antonyms:** beginning, building, construction

**Usage:** "trucks dumped 1,900 tons of refuse here"

**9) Boycott (Noun) - बहिष्कार**

**Meaning:** withdraw from commercial or social relations with (a country, organization, or person) as a punishment or protest.

**Synonyms:** spurn, snub, cold-shoulder

**Antonyms:** support, approve of

**Usage:** "we will boycott all banks which take part in the loans scheme"

**10) Augur (Noun) - अच्छेयाबुरेपरिणामकोचित्रितकरना**

**Meaning:** portend a good or bad outcome.

**Synonyms:** bode, portend, herald

**Antonyms:** conceal, estimate, guess

**Usage:** "the end of the cold war seemed to augur well"

**1) Prosecute (Verb) - परमुकदमाचलाना**

**Meaning:** institute or conduct legal proceedings against (a person or organization).

**Synonyms:** bring a suit against, indict, arraign

**Antonyms:** defend, let off, pardon

**Usage:** "they were prosecuted for obstructing the highway"

**2) Render (Verb) – सौंपना**

**Meaning:** provide or give (a service, help, etc.).

**Synonyms:** give, provide, supply

**Antonyms:** cloud, conceal, confuse

**Usage:** "money serves as a reward for services rendered"

**3) Seditious (Noun) - राज-द्रोह**

**Meaning:** conduct or speech inciting people to rebel against the authority of a state or monarch.

**Synonyms:** revolt, insurrection, rioting

**Antonyms:** calm, obedience, peace

**Usage:** The false accusations we heard in the news media last week incite sectarian sedition.

**4) Incitement (Noun) – उकसाना**

**Meaning:** the action of provoking unlawful behaviour or urging someone to behave unlawfully.

**Synonyms:** egging on, urging, goading

**Antonyms:** deterrent, hindrance, impediment

**Usage:** "this amounted to an incitement to commit murder"

**5) Frivolous (Adjective) - कोईगंभीरउद्देश्ययामूल्यनहींहोना**

**Meaning:** not having any serious purpose or value.

**Synonyms:** jokey, light-hearted, facetious

**Antonyms:** serious, earnest, sensible

**Usage:** "frivolous ribbons and lacy frills"

**6) Contemplated (Verb) – विचारकरना**

**Meaning:** look thoughtfully for a long time at.

**Synonyms:** look at, view, regard

**Antonyms:** rejected, rebuffed, shunned

**Usage:** "he contemplated his image in the mirrors"

**7) Enmity (Noun) - शत्रुता**

**Meaning:** a state or feeling of active opposition or hostility.

**Synonyms:** hostility, animosity, antagonism

**Antonyms:** friendship, goodwill

**Usage:** "decades of enmity between the two countries"

**8) Scrutiny (Noun) - संवीक्षा**

**Meaning:** critical observation or examination.

**Synonyms:** careful examination, inspection, survey

**Antonyms:** glance, cursory look

**Usage:** "every aspect of local government was placed under scrutiny"

**9) Mirage (Noun) - मृगतृष्णा**

**Meaning:** an optical illusion caused by atmospheric conditions, especially the appearance of a sheet of water in a desert

**Synonyms:** optical illusion, hallucination

**Antonyms:** certainty, fact, reality

**Usage:** "the surface of the road ahead rippled in the heat mirages"

### 10) Becalmed (Verb) – फंसाहुआ

**Meaning:** leave (a sailing ship) unable to move through lack of wind.

**Synonyms:** stranded, stuck, marooned

**Antonyms:** active, mobile, moving

**Usage:** "both boats hung on before the whole fleet was becalmed south of Rampholme"

### 1) Ebb (Noun) - भाटा

**Meaning:** gradually decrease.

**Synonyms:** diminish, dwindle, wane

**Antonyms:** increase, intensify, intensification

**Usage:** "my enthusiasm was ebbing away"

### 2) Jolt (Verb) - झटका

**Meaning:** push or shake (someone or something) abruptly and roughly.

**Synonyms:** push, thrust, jar

**Antonyms:** tug, pull, yank

**Usage:** "a surge in the crowd behind him jolted him forwards"

### 3) Marauding (Verb) - छापामारना और लूटना

**Meaning:** raid and plunder (a place).

**Synonyms:** plunder, go looting, go pillaging

**Antonyms:** helping, protecting, supporting

**Usage:** "rapacious bluefish marauded the crab pots"

### 4) Bereft (Adjective) - अभाव

**Meaning:** deprived of or lacking (something).

**Synonyms:** robbed of, stripped of, denuded of

**Antonyms:** happy, overwhelmed, cheerful

**Usage:** "her room was stark and bereft of colour"

### 5) Jousts (Noun) – शामिलहोना

**Meaning:** engage in a sporting contest in which two opponents on horseback fight with lances.

**Synonyms:** enter the lists, tourney, tilt

**Antonyms:** agreement

**Usage:** "to joust, a man must have an opponent to ride against"

### 6) Exert (Verb) - बललगाना

**Meaning:** apply or bring to bear (a force, influence, or quality).

**Synonyms:** bring to bear, apply, bring into play

**Antonyms:** conceal, hide, idle

**Usage:** "the moon exerts a force on the Earth"

### 7) Ilk (Noun) – प्रकार

**Meaning:** a type of person or thing similar to one already referred to.

**Synonyms:** type, sort, class

**Antonyms:** individual, one

**Usage:** "the veiled suggestions that reporters of his ilk seem to be so good at"

### 8) Complacent (Adjective) - सुसन्तुष्ट

**Meaning:** showing smug or uncritical satisfaction with oneself or one's achievements.

**Synonyms:** smug, self-satisfied, pleased with oneself

**Antonyms:** dissatisfied, humble

**Usage:** "you can't afford to be complacent about security"

### 9) Flee (Verb) - भागजाना

**Meaning:** run away from a place or situation of danger.

**Synonyms:** run, run away, run off

**Antonyms:** arrive, come, continue

**Usage:** "to escape the fighting, his family fled from their village"

**10) Nemesis (Noun) - कट्टर-दुश्मन, कट्टर-प्रतिद्वंद्वी**

**Meaning:** a long-standing rival; an arch-enemy.

**Synonyms:** arch-enemy, arch-rival, enemy

**Antonyms:** friend, ally, associate

**Usage:** "will Harry Potter finally defeat his nemesis, Voldemort?"

**1) Abide (Verb) - पालनकरना**

**Meaning:** accept or act in accordance with (a rule, decision, or recommendation).

**Synonyms:** comply with, obey, observe

**Antonyms:** flout, reject

**Usage:** "I said I would abide by their decision"

**2) Litigation (Noun) - मुकदमेबाज़ी**

**Meaning:** the process of taking legal action.

**Synonyms:** legal proceeding(s), legal action, lawsuit

**Antonyms:** demand, order

**Usage:** "the company wishes to avoid litigation"

**3) Expertise (Noun) - विशेषज्ञता**

**Meaning:** expert skill or knowledge in a particular field.

**Synonyms:** skill, skilfulness, expertness

**Antonyms:** incompetence

**Usage:** "technical expertise"

**4) Redress (Verb) - ठीक्यासहीकरना**

**Meaning:** remedy or set right (an undesirable or unfair situation).

**Synonyms:** rectify, correct, put/set/make right

**Antonyms:** damage, destruction, hindrance

**Usage:** "the power to redress the grievances of our citizens"

**5) Moot (Adjective) - विवादास्पद**

**Meaning:** subject to debate, dispute, or uncertainty.

**Synonyms:** debatable, open to debate, open to discussion

**Antonyms:** accomplished, certain, hands-down

**Usage:** "whether the temperature rise was mainly due to the greenhouse effect was a moot point"

**6) Salutory (Adjective) - हितकर**

**Meaning:** with reference to something unwelcome or unpleasant) producing good effects; beneficial.

**Synonyms:** beneficial, good, good for one

**Antonyms:** unwelcome, irrelevant

**Usage:** "it failed to draw salutory lessons from Britain's loss of its colonies"

**7) Purge (Verb) - शुद्धकरना**

**Meaning:** free someone or something from (an unwanted quality, condition, or feeling).

**Synonyms:** cleanse, clear, purify

**Antonyms:** dirtying, holding, keeping

**Usage:** "his hatred was purged"

**8) Stout (Adjective) – मोटायाभारी**

**Meaning:** rather fat or of heavy build.

**Synonyms:** fat, fattish, plump

**Antonyms:** thin, slender

**Usage:** "stout middle-aged men"

**9) Buttress (Verb) – मजबूतबनाना**

**Meaning:** increase the strength of or justification for; reinforce.

**Synonyms:** strengthen, reinforce, fortify

**Antonyms:** weaken, let down, undermine

**Usage:** "authority was buttressed by religious belief"

**10) Bode (Verb) - भविष्यवाणी**

**Meaning:** be a portent of a particular outcome.

**Synonyms:** portend, foretell, prophesy

**Antonyms:** discourage, disincline, inhibit

**Usage:** "their argument did not bode well for the future"

### 1) Legacy (Noun) – विरासतयावसीयत

**Meaning:** an amount of money or property left to someone in a will.

**Synonyms:** bequest, inheritance, heritage

**Antonyms:** forfeit, hurt, loss

**Usage:** "my grandmother died and unexpectedly left me a small legacy"

### 2) Catapulted (Verb) – प्रक्षेपणकरना

**Meaning:** hurl or launch (something) with or as if with a catapult.

**Synonyms:** propel, launch, hurl

**Antonyms:** catch, hold, collect

**Usage:** "the explosion catapulted the car 30 yards along the road"

### 3) Embroiled (Verb) – शामिलहोना, उलझाना

**Meaning:** involve (someone) deeply in an argument, conflict, or difficult situation.

**Synonyms:** involve, entangle, ensnare

**Antonyms:** exonerated, free, freed

**Usage:** "the organization is currently embroiled in running battles with pressure groups"

### 4) Splinter (Noun) - किरच

**Meaning:** a small, thin, sharp piece of wood, glass, or similar material broken off from a larger piece.

**Synonyms:** sliver, shiver, chip

**Antonyms:** whole, entirety, lot

**Usage:** "a splinter of ice"

### 5) Assertion (Noun) - अभिकथन

**Meaning:** a confident and forceful statement of fact or belief.

**Synonyms:** declaration, contention, statement

**Antonyms:** disavowal, denial, desertion

**Usage:** "his assertion that his father had deserted the family"

### 6) Detrimental (Adjective) - हानिकारक

**Meaning:** tending to cause harm.

**Synonyms:** harmful, damaging, injurious

**Antonyms:** benign, beneficial

**Usage:** "recent policies have been detrimental to the interests of many old people"

### 7) Ethos (Noun) - लोकाचार

**Meaning:** the characteristic spirit of a culture, era, or community as manifested in its attitudes and aspirations.

**Synonyms:** spirit, character, atmosphere

**Antonyms:** being, reality

**Usage:** "a challenge to the ethos of the 1960s"

### 8) Ponder (Verb) - विचारकरना

**Meaning:** think about (something) carefully, especially before making a decision or reaching a conclusion.

**Synonyms:** think about, give thought to, consider

**Antonyms:** agree, discard, disregard

**Usage:** "I pondered the question of what clothes to wear for the occasion"

### 9) Dereliction (Noun) - परित्यक्ति

**Meaning:** the state of having been abandoned and become dilapidated.

**Synonyms:** dilapidation, disrepair, decrepitude

**Antonyms:** reclamation, recoupment, recovery

**Usage:** "a 15th-century farmhouse has been saved from dereliction"

## 10) Detained (Verb) – रोकना

**Meaning:** keep (someone) from proceeding by holding them back or making claims on their attention.

**Synonyms:** delay, hold up, make late

**Antonyms:** free, independent, uninterested

**Usage:** "she made to open the door, but he detained her"

## 1) Fledgling (Verb) - अनुभवहीन

**Meaning:** a person or organization that is immature, inexperienced, or underdeveloped.

**Synonyms:** emerging, emergent, arising

**Antonyms:** declining, mature

**Usage:** "the country's fledgling democracy"

## 2) Conceded (Verb) - स्वीकार करना

**Meaning:** admit or agree that something is true after first denying or resisting it.

**Synonyms:** admit, acknowledge, accept

**Antonyms:** deny

**Usage:** "I had to concede that I'd overreacted"

## 3) Intricate (Adjective) - बहुतजटिलयाविस्तृत

**Meaning:** very complicated or detailed.

**Synonyms:** complex, complicated, convoluted

**Antonyms:** simple, straightforward

**Usage:** "an intricate network of canals"

## 4) Illicit (Noun) - अवैध

**Meaning:** forbidden by law, rules, or custom.

**Synonyms:** illegal, unlawful, illegitimate

**Antonyms:** licit, legal, above board

**Usage:** "illicit drugs"

## 5) Moratorium (Noun) - अधिस्थगन

**Meaning:** a temporary prohibition of an activity.

**Synonyms:** embargo, ban, prohibition

**Antonyms:** continuance, continuation, persistence

**Usage:** "a moratorium on the use of drift nets"

## 6) Entails (Noun) - आवश्यकता

**Meaning:** involve (something) as a necessary or inevitable part or consequence.

**Synonyms:** necessitate, make necessary, require

**Antonyms:** excludes, omits, untangles

**Usage:** "a situation which entails considerable risks"

## 7) Alacrity (Noun) - उत्सुकता

**Meaning:** brisk and cheerful readiness.

**Synonyms:** eagerness, willingness, readiness

**Antonyms:** apathy

**Usage:** "she accepted the invitation with alacrity"

## 8) Contagion (Noun) - छूत

**Meaning:** a disease spread by close contact.

**Synonyms:** contamination, infection, disease

**Antonyms:** advantage, cleanliness, purification

**Usage:** "through personal hygiene the spread of common contagions is discouraged"

## 9) Dodgy (Adjective) - बेईमानयाअविश्वसनीय

**Meaning:** dishonest or unreliable.

**Synonyms:** dishonest, deceitful, not to be trusted

**Antonyms:** honest, reputable

**Usage:** "a dodgy second-hand car salesman"

## 10) Throes (Noun) - पीड़ा, दर्द

**Meaning:** intense or violent pain and struggle, especially accompanying birth, death, or great change.

**Synonyms:** agony, pain, paroxysm

**Antonyms:** comfort, contentment, ecstasy

**Usage:** "he convulsed in his death throes"

**1) Stubborn (Adjective) - जिद्दी**

**Meaning:** having or showing dogged determination not to change one's attitude or position on something, especially in spite of good arguments or reasons to do so.

**Synonyms:** obstinate, stubborn as a mule, mulish

**Antonyms:** compliant, docile

**Usage:** "a stubborn refusal to learn from experience"

**2) Altercation (Noun) - तकरार**

**Meaning:** a noisy argument or disagreement, especially in public.

**Synonyms:** argument, quarrel, squabbl

**Antonyms:** accord, agreement, calm

**Usage:** "I had an altercation with the ticket collector"

**3) Disruptive (Adjective) - विघटनकारी**

**Meaning:** causing or tending to cause disruption.

**Synonyms:** troublemaking, troublesome, unruly

**Antonyms:** well behaved, manageable

**Usage:** "disruptive pupils"

**4) Gallows (Noun) - फांसीकातख़ता**

**Meaning:** execution by hanging.

**Synonyms:** hanging, being hanged, the noose

**Antonyms:** abandoning, disregard, failure

**Usage:** "he was saved from the gallows by a last-minute reprieve"

**5) Aisle (Noun) - गलियारा**

**Meaning:** a passage between rows of seats in a building such as a church or theatre, an aircraft, or train.

**Synonyms:** passage, passageway, corridor

**Antonyms:** metropolis, sky, whole

**Usage:** "the musical had the audience dancing in the aisles"

**6) Disinclination (Noun) - अनिच्छा, अनिच्छुकता**

**Meaning:** a reluctance or lack of enthusiasm.

**Synonyms:** reluctance, unwillingness, lack of enthusiasm

**Antonyms:** inclination, enthusiasm

**Usage:** "Lucy felt a strong disinclination to talk about her engagement"

**7) Combative (Adjective) - जुझारू**

**Meaning:** ready or eager to fight or argue.

**Synonyms:** pugnacious, aggressive, antagonistic

**Antonyms:** conciliatory

**Usage:** "he made some enemies with his combative style"

**8) Notorious (Adjective) - कुख्यात**

**Meaning:** famous or well known, typically for some bad quality or deed.

**Synonyms:** infamous, of ill repute, with a bad reputation

**Antonyms:** unknown, anonymous, faceless

**Usage:** "Los Angeles is notorious for its smog"

**9) Crude (Adjective) – अशोधितयाकञ्च**

**Meaning:** in a natural or raw state; not yet processed or refined.

**Synonyms:** unrefined, unpurified, unprocessed

**Antonyms:** refined

**Usage:** "crude oil"

**10) Pernicious (Adjective) - विघातक**

**Meaning:** having a harmful effect, especially in a gradual or subtle way.

**Synonyms:** harmful, damaging, destructive

**Antonyms:** beneficial, benign, favourable

**Usage:** "the pernicious influences of the mass media"

**1) Rout (Noun) - एकनिर्णायकहार**

**Meaning:** a decisive defeat.

**Synonyms:** crushing defeat, overwhelming defeat, defeat

**Antonyms:** victory

**Usage:** "the party lost more than half their seats in the rout"

**2) Teetering (Verb) - डगमगाना**

**Meaning:** move or balance unsteadily; sway back and forth.

**Synonyms:** totter, walk unsteadily, wobble

**Antonyms:** stable, steady, balanced

**Usage:** "she teetered after him in her high-heeled sandals"

**3) Jolt (Noun) - झटका**

**Meaning:** push or shake (someone or something) abruptly and roughly.

**Synonyms:** push, thrust, jar

**Antonyms:** disadvantage

**Usage:** "a surge in the crowd behind him jolted him forwards"

**4) Cope (Verb) – सामनाकरना**

**Meaning:** deal effectively with something difficult.

**Synonyms:** manage, survive, subsist

**Antonyms:** ignore, neglect

**Usage:** "his ability to cope with stress"

**5) Volatile (Noun) - अस्थिरमति**

**Meaning:** liable to change rapidly and unpredictably, especially for the worse.

**Synonyms:** tense, strained, fraught

**Antonyms:** stable, calm

**Usage:** "the political situation was becoming more volatile"

**6) Excise (Noun) - आबकारीयाउत्पादशुल्क**

**Meaning:** a tax levied on certain goods and commodities produced or sold within a country and on licences granted for certain activities.

**Synonyms:** duty, tax, levy

**Antonyms:** rebate

**Usage:** "the rate of excise duty on spirits"

**7) Cherubic (Adjective) - देवदूतसंबंधी**

**Meaning:** having the innocence or plump prettiness of a young child.

**Synonyms:** angelic, sweet, cute

**Antonyms:** demonic, infernal, satanic

**Usage:** "a round, cherubic face"

**8) Accentuated (Verb) - दबावकाचिह्नकरना**

**Meaning:** make more noticeable or prominent.

**Synonyms:** focus attention on, draw attention to, point up

**Antonyms:** mask, divert attention from

**Usage:** "his jacket unfortunately accentuated his paunch"

**9) Imperative (Adjective) - महत्वपूर्ण**

**Meaning:** of vital importance; crucial.

**Synonyms:** vitally important, of vital importance, all-important

**Antonyms:** unimportant, optional

**Usage:** "immediate action was imperative"

**10) Crusader (Noun) - धर्मयुद्धकरनेवाला**

**Meaning:** a person who campaigns vigorously for political, social, or religious change; a campaigner.



**Synonyms:** campaigner, fighter, battler

**Antonyms:** nonmilitant, conservative, moderate

**Usage:** "crusaders for early detection and treatment of mental illnesses"

### 1) Scrutiny (Noun) - संवीक्षा

**Meaning:** critical observation or examination.

**Synonyms:** careful examination, inspection, survey

**Antonyms:** glance, cursory look

**Usage:** "every aspect of local government was placed under scrutiny"

### 2) Robust (Adjective) - मजबूत और स्वस्थ

**Meaning:** strong and healthy; vigorous.

**Synonyms:** strong, vigorous, sturdy

**Antonyms:** weak, frail

**Usage:** "the Caplan family are a robust lot"

### 3) Affluent (Adjective) - धनी

**Meaning:** having a great deal of money; wealthy.

**Synonyms:** wealthy, rich, prosperous

**Antonyms:** poor, impoverished

**Usage:** "the affluent societies of the western world"

### 4) Deterrent (Noun) - निवारक

**Meaning:** a thing that discourages or is intended to discourage someone from doing something.

**Synonyms:** disincentive, discouragement, dissuasion

**Antonyms:** incentive, encouragement

**Usage:** "cameras are a major deterrent to crime"

### 5) Untenable (Adjective) - अस्थिर, असमर्थनीय

**Meaning:** not able to be maintained or defended against attack or objection.

**Synonyms:** indefensible, undefendable, unarguable

**Antonyms:** tenable, defensible

**Usage:** "this argument is clearly untenable"

### 6) Ambit (Noun) - गुंजाइश, सीमा

**Meaning:** the scope, extent, or bounds of something.

**Synonyms:** scope, extent, bounds

**Antonyms:** extreme, limitation, part

**Usage:** "a full discussion of this complex issue was beyond the ambit of one book"

### 7) Defection (Noun) - पक्षपलटा

**Meaning:** the desertion of one's country or cause in favour of an opposing one.

**Synonyms:** desertion, absconding, decamping

**Antonyms:** enough, faithfulness, harmony

**Usage:** "his defection from the Labour Party"

### 8) Intriguing (Verb) - दिलचस्प

**Meaning:** arousing one's curiosity or interest; fascinating.

**Synonyms:** interest, be of interest to, fascinate

**Antonyms:** bore

**Usage:** "an intriguing story"

### 9) Morsel (Noun) - निवाला

**Meaning:** a small piece or amount of food; a mouthful.

**Synonyms:** mouthful, bite, nibble

**Antonyms:** chunk, entirety, increase

**Usage:** "Juliet pushed a morsel of toast into her mouth"

### 10) Annihilating (Verb) - संहार करना

**Meaning:** destroy utterly; obliterate.

**Synonyms:** destroy, wipe out, obliterate

**Antonyms:** create, build, establish

**Usage:** "a simple bomb of this type could annihilate them all"

**1) Pandemic (Noun) - महामारी**

**Meaning:** prevalent over a whole country or the world.

**Synonyms:** widespread, prevalent, pervasive

**Antonyms:** exclusive, extraordinary, incomplete

**Usage:** The WHO announces COVID-19 as pandemic.

**2) Prudent (Adjective) - विवेकी**

**Meaning:** acting with or showing care and thought for the future.

**Synonyms:** wise, well judged, judicious

**Antonyms:** unwise, imprudent, incautious

**Usage:** "no prudent money manager would authorize a loan without first knowing its purpose"

**3) Incapacitated (Verb) - अक्षम**

**Meaning:** prevent from functioning in a normal way.

**Synonyms:** disabled, debilitated, indisposed

**Antonyms:** fit

**Usage:** "he was incapacitated by a heart attack"

**4) Malaise (Noun) - अस्वस्थता**

**Meaning:** a general feeling of discomfort, illness, or unease whose exact cause is difficult to identify.

**Synonyms:** unhappiness, restlessness, uneasiness

**Antonyms:** comfort, well-being

**Usage:** "a general air of malaise"

**5) Stringent (Adjective) - कड़ीसेकड़ी**

**Meaning:** strict, precise, and exacting.

**Synonyms:** strict, firm, rigid

**Antonyms:** lenient, flexible

**Usage:** "stringent guidelines on air pollution"

**6) Apprehensive (Adjective) - आशंकावान**

**Meaning:** anxious or fearful that something bad or unpleasant will happen.

**Synonyms:** anxious, alarmed, worried

**Antonyms:** confident

**Usage:** "he felt apprehensive about going home"

**7) Obscure (Adjective) - अस्पष्ट**

**Meaning:** not discovered or known about; uncertain.

**Synonyms:** unclear, uncertain, unknown

**Antonyms:** clear, apparent, evident

**Usage:** "his origins and parentage are obscure"

**8) Abiding (Adjective) - स्थायी**

**Meaning:** lasting a long time; enduring.

**Synonyms:** enduring, lasting, persisting

**Antonyms:** short-lived, ephemeral, transitory

**Usage:** "he had an abiding respect for her"

**9) Trauma (Noun) - अभिघात**

**Meaning:** physical injury.

**Synonyms:** injury, damage, hurt

**Antonyms:** healing

**Usage:** "rupture of the diaphragm caused by blunt trauma"

**10) Clusters (Noun) – समूह**

**Meaning:** a group of similar things or people positioned or occurring closely together.

**Synonyms:** bunch, clump, collection

**Antonyms:** individual, one, whole

**Usage:** "clusters of creamy-white flowers"

**1) Curbed (Verb) - नियंत्रणकरना**

**Meaning:** restrain or keep in check.

**Synonyms:** restrain, hold back, keep back

**Antonyms:** release

**Usage:** "she promised she would curb her temper"

**2) Sceptical (Adjective) - संशयी**

**Meaning:** not easily convinced; having doubts or reservations.

**Synonyms:** dubious, doubtful, having reservations

**Antonyms:** certain, convinced, optimistic

**Usage:** "the public were deeply sceptical about some of the proposals"

### 3) Arcane (Adjective) - रहस्यका

**Meaning:** understood by few; mysterious or secret.

**Synonyms:** mysterious, secret, hidden

**Antonyms:** well known, open

**Usage:** "arcane procedures for electing people"

### 4) Alleged (Adjective) - अभिकथित

**Meaning:** said, without proof, to have taken place or to have a specified illegal or undesirable quality.

**Synonyms:** supposed, so-called, claimed

**Antonyms:** certain, confirmed, definite

**Usage:** "the alleged conspirators"

### 5) Cognisance (Noun) - संज्ञान

**Meaning:** knowledge or awareness.

**Synonyms:** awareness, notice, knowledge

**Antonyms:** ignorance, disregard, unawareness

**Usage:** "the Renaissance cognizance of Greece was limited"

### 6) Redress (Verb) - सुधारना, सहीकरना

**Meaning:** remedy or set right (an undesirable or unfair situation).

**Synonyms:** rectify, correct, put/set/make right

**Antonyms:** damage, destruction, hindrance

**Usage:** "the power to redress the grievances of our citizens"

### 7) Detention (Noun) - नज़रबंदी

**Meaning:** the action of detaining someone or the state of being detained in official custody.

**Synonyms:** custody, imprisonment, confinement

**Antonyms:** discharge, release, acquittal

**Usage:** "the fifteen people arrested were still in police detention"

### 8) Delegation (Noun) - शिष्टमंडल

**Meaning:** a body of delegates or representatives; a deputation.

**Synonyms:** deputation, delegacy, legation

**Antonyms:** keeping, retention, dismissal

**Usage:** "a delegation of teachers"

### 9) Staggered (Verb) - लड़खड़ाणा

**Meaning:** walk or move unsteadily, as if about to fall.

**Synonyms:** lurch, walk unsteadily, reel

**Antonyms:** unaffected, clearheaded, clear

**Usage:** "he staggered to his feet, swaying a little"

### 10) Subterfuge (Noun) - छल

**Meaning:** deceit used in order to achieve one's goal.

**Synonyms:** trickery, intrigue, deviousness

**Antonyms:** honesty, openness

**Usage:** "he had to use subterfuge and bluff on many occasions"

### 1) Faltering (Verb) - शक्तियागतिखोना

**Meaning:** lose strength or momentum.

**Synonyms:** hesitate, delay, drag one's feet

**Antonyms:** decisive, certain, determined

**Usage:** "the music faltered, stopped, and started up again"

### 2) Galloping (Verb) - सरपटना

**Meaning:** progressing in a rapid and seemingly uncontrollable manner.

**Synonyms:** hurry, hasten, speed

**Antonyms:** amble

**Usage:** "galloping inflation"

### 3) Floundered (Verb) - कीचड़में तड़फड़ाना

**Meaning:** struggle or stagger clumsily in mud or water.

**Synonyms:** struggle, thrash, thresh

**Antonyms:** took, accomplished, achieved

**Usage:** "he was floundering about in the shallow offshore waters"

### 4) Deviant (Adjective) - विचलित

**Meaning:** departing from usual or accepted standards, especially in social or sexual behaviour.

**Synonyms:** aberrant, deviating, divergent

**Antonyms:** normal, orthodox

**Usage:** "deviant behaviour"

### 5) Adjourned (Verb) - निवृत्त होना

**Meaning:** go somewhere for rest or refreshment.

**Synonyms:** withdraw, retire, retreat

**Antonyms:** advanced, forwarded, furthered

**Usage:** "they adjourned to a local pub"

### 6) Presumed (Verb) - प्रकल्पित

**Meaning:** suppose that something is the case on the basis of probability.

**Synonyms:** assume, suppose, dare say

**Antonyms:** actual, known, real

**Usage:** "I presumed that the man had been escorted from the building"

### 7) Untenable (Adjective) - अस्थिर, असमर्थनीय

**Meaning:** not able to be maintained or defended against attack or objection.

**Synonyms:** indefensible, undefendable, unarguable

**Antonyms:** tenable, defensible

**Usage:** "this argument is clearly untenable"

### 8) Defection (Noun) - पक्षपलटा

**Meaning:** the desertion of one's country or cause in favour of an opposing one.

**Synonyms:** desertion, absconding, decamping

**Antonyms:** enough, faithfulness, harmony

**Usage:** "his defection from the Labour Party"

### 9) Perfidy (Noun) - छलयाकपट

**Meaning:** the state of being deceitful and untrustworthy.

**Synonyms:** treachery, duplicity, deceit

**Antonyms:** faithfulness, loyalty

**Usage:** "it was an example of his perfidy"

### 10) Ingenious (Adjective) - विदग्ध

**Meaning:** clever, original, and inventive.

**Synonyms:** inventive, creative, imaginative

**Antonyms:** unimaginative

**Usage:** "he was ingenious enough to overcome the limited budget"

### 1) Crass (Adjective) - बेवकूफ, असंवेदनशील

**Meaning:** showing no intelligence or sensitivity.

**Synonyms:** stupid, insensitive, blundering

**Antonyms:** intelligent

**Usage:** "the crass assumptions that men make about women"

### 2) Futile (Adjective) - निष्फल

**Meaning:** incapable of producing any useful result; pointless.

**Synonyms:** fruitless, vain, pointless

**Antonyms:** useful, fruitful

**Usage:** "a futile attempt to keep fans from mounting the stage"

### 3) Eminent (Adjective) - प्रख्यात

**Meaning:** famous and respected within a particular sphere.

**Synonyms:** illustrious, distinguished, renowned

**Antonyms:** unimportant, unknown

**Usage:** "one of the world's most eminent statisticians"

### 4) Dubious (Adjective) - संदिग्ध

**Meaning:** hesitating or doubting.

**Synonyms:** doubtful, uncertain, unsure

**Antonyms:** certain, definite

**Usage:** "I was rather dubious about the whole idea"

### 5) Exonerated (Verb) - दोषमुक्तकरना

**Meaning:** absolve (someone) from blame for a fault or wrongdoing.

**Synonyms:** absolve, clear, acquit

**Antonyms:** charge, convict

**Usage:** "an inquiry exonerated those involved"

### 6) Restraining (Verb) - निरोधक

**Meaning:** prevent (someone or something) from doing something; keep under control or within limits.

**Synonyms:** prevent, stop, keep

**Antonyms:** force, compel, encourage

**Usage:** "the need to restrain public expenditure"

### 7) Heft (Verb) - उठानायालेजाना

**Meaning:** lift or carry (something heavy).

**Synonyms:** lift, lift up, raise

**Antonyms:** put down

**Usage:** "he lifted crates and hefted boxes"

### 8) Insurmountable (Adjective) - दुरतिक्रम्य

**Meaning:** too great to be overcome.

**Synonyms:** insuperable, unconquerable, invincible

**Antonyms:** surmountable

**Usage:** "an insurmountable problem"

### 9) Surmised (Verb) - अनुमानलगाना

**Meaning:** suppose that something is true without having evidence to confirm it.

**Synonyms:** guess, conjecture, suspect

**Antonyms:** know

**Usage:** "he surmised that something must be wrong"

### 10) Purport (Verb) - दावाकरना

**Meaning:** appear to be or do something, especially falsely.

**Synonyms:** claim, lay claim, profess

**Antonyms:** exterior, exteriority, insignificance

**Usage:** "she is not the person she purports to be"

### 1) Maladies (Noun) - एकलाइलाजखराबी

**Meaning:** a disease or ailment.

**Synonyms:** illness, sickness, ailment

**Antonyms:** health, wellness, comfort

**Usage:** "an incurable malady"

### 2) Detrimental (Adjective) - हानिकारक

**Meaning:** tending to cause harm.

**Synonyms:** harmful, damaging, injurious

**Antonyms:** benign, beneficial

**Usage:** "recent policies have been detrimental to the interests of many old people"

### 3) Affliction (Noun) - यातना

**Meaning:** a cause of pain or harm.

**Synonyms:** disorder, disease, malady

**Antonyms:** advantage, aid, calm

**Usage:** "a crippling affliction of the nervous system"

**4) Nonchalance (Noun) – शांत, शीतलता**

**Meaning:** the state of being nonchalant.

**Synonyms:** calmness, coolness, insouciance

**Antonyms:** anxiety, concern

**Usage:** "an air of nonchalance"

**5) Stiffer (Adjective) – कठोरयादृढ**

**Meaning:** not easily bent or changed in shape; rigid.

**Synonyms:** rigid, hard, firm

**Antonyms:** flexible, plastic, limp

**Usage:** "a stiff black collar"

**6) Looming (Verb) - मंडरारहा है**

**Meaning:** (of an event regarded as threatening) seem about to happen.

**Synonyms:** be imminent, be on the horizon, impend

**Antonyms:** distant, later, remote

**Usage:** "there is a crisis looming"

**7) Alleviate (Verb) - कमगंभीर बनाना**

**Meaning:** make (suffering, deficiency, or a problem) less severe.

**Synonyms:** reduce, ease, relieve

**Antonyms:** aggravate

**Usage:** "he couldn't prevent her pain, only alleviate it"

**8) Exhorted (Verb) - आग्रह करना, प्रोत्साहित करना**

**Meaning:** strongly encourage or urge (someone) to do something.

**Synonyms:** urge, encourage, call on

**Antonyms:** discourage

**Usage:** "I exhorted her to be a good child"

**9) Semblance (Noun) – दिखावा**

**Meaning:** the outward appearance or apparent form of something, especially when the reality is different.

**Synonyms:** appearance, outward appearance, approximation

**Antonyms:** back, character, concrete

**Usage:** "she tried to force her thoughts back into some semblance of order"

**10) Clamour (Noun) -कोलाहल**

**Meaning:** a loud and confused noise, especially that of people shouting.

**Synonyms:** din, racket, loud noise

**Antonyms:** silence

**Usage:** "the questions rose to a clamour"

**1) Wane (Verb) - घटजाना, कमहोजाना**

**Meaning:** have a progressively smaller part of its visible surface illuminated, so that it appears to decrease in size.

**Synonyms:** disappear, decrease, diminish

**Antonyms:** wax

**Usage:** "confidence in the dollar waned"

**2) Squandered (Verb) - गंवाना**

**Meaning:** waste (something, especially money or time) in a reckless and foolish manner.

**Synonyms:** waste, misspend, misuse

**Antonyms:** manage, make good use of, save

**Usage:** "£100m of taxpayers' money has been squandered on administering the tax"

**3) Impending (Verb) - होनेवाला**

**Meaning:** be about to happen.

**Synonyms:** imminent, at hand, close

**Antonyms:** late, recent, distant

**Usage:** "my impending departure"

#### 4) Unravelling (Verb) - उजागरकरने

**Meaning:** investigate and solve or explain (something complicated or puzzling).

**Synonyms:** solve, resolve, work out

**Antonyms:** complicate

**Usage:** "they were attempting to unravel the cause of death"

#### 5) Salvage (Verb) - उबार

**Meaning:** rescue (a wrecked or disabled ship or its cargo) from loss at sea.

**Synonyms:** rescue, save, recover

**Antonyms:** abandon, endanger, forfeit

**Usage:** "an emerald and gold cross was salvaged from the wreck"

#### 6) Luring (Verb) - लुभाना

**Meaning:** tempt (a person or animal) to do something or to go somewhere, especially by offering some form of reward.

**Synonyms:** tempt, entice, attract

**Antonyms:** deter, put off

**Usage:** "the child was lured into a car but managed to escape"

#### 7) Dubious (Adjective) - संदिग्ध

**Meaning:** hesitating or doubting.

**Synonyms:** doubtful, uncertain, unsure

**Antonyms:** certain, definite

**Usage:** "I was rather dubious about the whole idea"

#### 8) Usurping (Verb) - हड़पना

**Meaning:** take (a position of power or importance) illegally or by force.

**Synonyms:** seize, take over, expropriate

**Antonyms:** surrender

**Usage:** "Richard usurped the throne"

#### 9) Restraint (Noun) - आत्म-नियंत्रण, आत्म-संयम

**Meaning:** unemotional, dispassionate, or moderate behaviour; self-control.

**Synonyms:** self-control, self-restraint, self-discipline

**Antonyms:** abandon, forwardness, outspokenness

**Usage:** "he urged the protestors to exercise restraint"

#### 10) Truncated (Verb) - छंटनीकीगई

**Meaning:** shorten (something) by cutting off the top or the end.

**Synonyms:** shorten, cut, cut short

**Antonyms:** lengthen, extend

**Usage:** "a truncated cone shape"

#### 1) Catastrophe (Noun) - विभीषिका

**Meaning:** an event causing great and usually sudden damage or suffering; a disaster.

**Synonyms:** disaster, calamity, cataclysm

**Antonyms:** salvation, godsend

**Usage:** "an environmental catastrophe"

#### 2) Frayed (Verb) - उधेड़ना

**Meaning:** unravel or become worn at the edge, typically through constant rubbing.

**Synonyms:** unravel, wear

**Antonyms:** pristine, new, current

**Usage:** "cheap fabric soon frays"

#### 3) Galvanising (Verb) - झटकायाचौंकादेना

**Meaning:** shock or excite (someone) into taking action.

**Synonyms:** jolt, shock, startle

**Antonyms:** demotivate

**Usage:** "the urgency of his voice galvanized them into action"

**4) Compliance (Noun) - अनुपालन**

**Meaning:** excessive acquiescence.

**Synonyms:** acquiescence, agreement, assent

**Antonyms:** defiance

**Usage:** "the appalling compliance with government views shown by the commission"

**5) Culminated (Verb) - समापनहुआ**

**Meaning:** reach a climax or point of highest development.

**Synonyms:** peak, climax, reach a pinnacle

**Antonyms:** start, begin, peter out

**Usage:** "weeks of violence culminated in the brutal murder of a magistrate"

**6) Scramble (Verb) - अपनारास्ताबनाना**

**Meaning:** make one's way quickly or awkwardly up a steep gradient or over rough ground by using one's hands as well as one's feet.

**Synonyms:** clamber, climb, crawl

**Antonyms:** calm, order, organisation

**Usage:** "we scrambled over the damp boulders"

**7) Tenuous (Adjective) – बहुतकमजोर**

**Meaning:** very weak or slight.

**Synonyms:** slight, insubstantial, flimsy

**Antonyms:** convincing, substantial, strong

**Usage:** "the tenuous link between interest rates and investment"

**8) Contingent (Noun) - आकस्मिक**

**Meaning:** subject to chance.

**Synonyms:** chance, accidental, fortuitous

**Antonyms:** predictable

**Usage:** "the contingent nature of the job"

**9) Hapless (Adjective) -अभागी**

**Meaning:** unfortunate.

**Synonyms:**unlucky, luckless, out of luck

**Antonyms:** lucky

**Usage:** "the hapless victims of the disaster"

**10) Surmised (Verb) - अनुमानलगाना**

**Meaning:** suppose that something is true without having evidence to confirm it.

**Synonyms:** guess, conjecture, suspect

**Antonyms:** know

**Usage:** "he surmised that something must be wrong"

**1) Mustered (Verb) - इकट्ठाकरना**

**Meaning:** assemble (troops), especially for inspection or in preparation for battle.

**Synonyms:** assemble, bring together, call together

**Antonyms:** disperse

**Usage:** "17,000 men had been mustered on Haldon Hill"

**2) Nebulous (Adjective) - अनिश्चित**

**Meaning:** in the form of a cloud or haze; hazy.

**Synonyms:** indistinct, indefinite, unclear

**Antonyms:** clear

**Usage:** "a giant nebulous glow"

**3) Charred (Verb) - आंशिकरूपसेजलना**

**Meaning:** partially burn so as to blacken the surface.

**Synonyms:** scorch, burn, singe

**Antonyms:** frozen

**Usage:** "a region charred by bush fires"

**4) Inevitable (Adjective) - अपरिहार्य**

**Meaning:** certain to happen; unavoidable.

**Synonyms:** unavoidable, inescapable, bound to happen



**Antonyms:** avoidable, uncertain

**Usage:** "war was inevitable"

### 5) Conspicuous (Adjective) - सुस्पष्ट

**Meaning:** attracting notice or attention.

**Synonyms:** easily seen, clear, visible

**Antonyms:** inconspicuous

**Usage:** "he showed conspicuous bravery"

### 6) Rampant (Adjective) - अनियंत्रित

**Meaning:** flourishing or spreading unchecked.

**Synonyms:** uncontrolled, unrestrained, unchecked

**Antonyms:** controlled, under control

**Usage:** "political violence was rampant"

### 7) Negotiable (Adjective) - बातचीतयोग्य

**Meaning:** open to discussion or modification.

**Synonyms:** flexible, open to modification

**Antonyms:** nonnegotiable

**Usage:** "the price was not negotiable"

### 8) Hazardous (Adjective) - खतरनाक

**Meaning:** risky; dangerous.

**Synonyms:** dangerous, risky, unsafe

**Antonyms:** safe, secure, certain

**Usage:** "we work in hazardous conditions"

### 9) Prosecute (Verb) - अभियोजितकरना

**Meaning:** institute legal proceedings in respect of (a claim or offence).

**Synonyms:**accuse, cite, summons

**Antonyms:** defend, let off, pardon

**Usage:** "the state's attorney's office seemed to decide that this was a case worth prosecuting"

### 10) Penal (Adjective) - अत्यधिक

**Meaning:** extremely severe.

**Synonyms:** exorbitant, extortionate, excessive

**Antonyms:** rewarding, beneficial

**Usage:** "avoid borrowing at penal rates of interest"

### 1) Unprecedented (Adjective) - अभूतपूर्व

**Meaning:** never done or known before.

**Synonyms:** unparalleled, unequalled, unmatched

**Antonyms:** normal, common

**Usage:** "the government took the unprecedented step of releasing confidential correspondence"

### 2) Scourge (Noun) -

एकव्यक्तियाबातजोबहुतपरेशानीयापीडाकाकारणबनतीहै

**Meaning:** a person or thing that causes great trouble or suffering.

**Synonyms:** affliction, bane, curse

**Antonyms:** blessing, godsend

**Usage:** "the scourge of mass unemployment"

### 3) Bout (Noun) - एकछोटीअवधि

**Meaning:** a short period of intense activity of a specified kind.

**Synonyms:** spell, period, time

**Antonyms:** stagnation, inaction, idleness

**Usage:** "occasional bouts of strenuous exercise"

### 4) Trauma (Noun) - अभिघात

**Meaning:** physical injury.

**Synonyms:** injury, damage, hurt

**Antonyms:** healing

**Usage:** "rupture of the diaphragm caused by blunt trauma"

### 5) Deplorable (Adjective) - शर्मनाक

**Meaning:** deserving strong condemnation; completely unacceptable.

**Synonyms:** disgraceful, shameful, dishonourable

**Antonyms:** admirable

**Usage:** "children living in deplorable conditions"

## 6) Onus (Noun) - दायित्व

**Meaning:** something that is one's duty or responsibility.

**Synonyms:** burden, responsibility, liability

**Antonyms:** advantage, aid, benefit

**Usage:** "the onus is on you to show that you have suffered loss"

## 7) Efficacy (Noun) - प्रभावोत्पादकता

**Meaning:** the ability to produce a desired or intended result.

**Synonyms:** effectiveness, success

**Antonyms:** inefficacy

**Usage:** "there is little information on the efficacy of this treatment"

## 8) Shuddering (Verb) - सिंहरन

**Meaning:** tremble convulsively, typically as a result of fear or revulsion.

**Synonyms:** shake, shiver, tremble

**Antonyms:** stable, steady, calm

**Usage:** "she still shuddered at the thought of him"

## 9) Ramifications (Noun) - असर

**Meaning:** a complex or unwelcome consequence of an action or event.

**Synonyms:** consequence, result, aftermath

**Antonyms:** incapability, ineffectiveness, impotence

**Usage:** "any change is bound to have legal ramifications"

## 10) Encompass (Noun) - चारोंओरसेघेरना

**Meaning:** surround and have or hold within.

**Synonyms:** surround, enclose, ring

**Antonyms:** exclude, omit, leave out

**Usage:** "this area of London encompasses Piccadilly to the north and St James's Park to the south"

## 1) Alleviating (Verb) - कमकरना

**Meaning:** make (suffering, deficiency, or a problem) less severe.

**Synonyms:** reduce, ease, relieve

**Antonyms:** aggravate

**Usage:** "he couldn't prevent her pain, only alleviate it"

## 2) Combat (Verb) - युद्ध

**Meaning:** take action to reduce or prevent (something bad or undesirable).

**Synonyms:** fight, battle against, do battle with

**Antonyms:** give in to

**Usage:** "an effort to combat drug trafficking"

## 3) Retain (Verb) - प्रतिधारितकरना

**Meaning:** continue to have (something); keep possession of.

**Synonyms:** keep, keep possession of, keep hold of

**Antonyms:** give up, lose, abolish

**Usage:** "Labour retained the seat"

## 4) Shackles (Noun) - बेड़ी

**Meaning:** a pair of fetters connected together by a chain, used to fasten a prisoner's wrists or ankles together.

**Synonyms:** chain, fetter, manacle

**Antonyms:** free

**Usage:** "the prisoner was shackled to the heavy steel chair in the centre of the room"

## 5) Persecuted (Verb) - परेशानयानाराजकरना

**Meaning:** harass or annoy (someone) persistently.

**Synonyms:** harass, hound, plague

**Antonyms:** happy, respected, rich

**Usage:** "Hilda was persecuted by some of the other girls"

### 6) Barefaced (Adjective) – निर्लज्जयाढीठ

**Meaning:** shameless and undisguised.

**Synonyms:** flagrant, blatant, glaring

**Antonyms:** ambiguous, clouded, cryptic

**Usage:** "a barefaced lie"

### 7) Hamstrung (Verb) – प्रतिबंधितकरना

**Meaning:** severely restrict the efficiency or effectiveness of.

**Synonyms:** handicap, constrain, restrict

**Antonyms:** help

**Usage:** "we were hamstrung by a total lack of knowledge"

### 8) Notorious (Adjective) - कुख्यात

**Meaning:** famous or well known, typically for some bad quality or deed.

**Synonyms:** infamous, of ill repute, with a bad reputation/name

**Antonyms:** unknown, anonymous, faceless

**Usage:** "Los Angeles is notorious for its smog"

### 9) Resurgence (Noun) - पुनरुत्थान

**Meaning:** an increase or revival after a period of little activity, popularity, or occurrence.

**Synonyms:** renewal, revival, recovery

**Antonyms:** disappearance, failure, downturn

**Usage:** "a resurgence of interest in religion"

### 10) Magnitude (Noun) - विशालता

**Meaning:** the great size or extent of something.

**Synonyms:** immensity, vastness, hugeness

**Antonyms:** smallness

**Usage:** "they may feel discouraged at the magnitude of the task before them"

### 1) Clamouring (Verb) - जोरसेचिल्लाना

**Meaning:** shout loudly and insistently.

**Synonyms:** yell, shout loudly, bay

**Antonyms:** acceptance, approval, calm

**Usage:** "the surging crowds clamoured for attention"

### 2) Palliatives (Noun) - उपशामक

**Meaning:** a palliative medicine, measure, etc.

**Synonyms:** painkiller, analgesic, pain reliever

**Antonyms:** treatments

**Usage:** "antibiotics and other palliatives"

### 3) Proactive (Adjective) - सक्रिय

**Meaning:** creating or controlling a situation rather than just responding to it after it has happened.

**Synonyms:** enterprising, take-charge, energetic

**Antonyms:** reactive, responsive

**Usage:** "employers must take a proactive approach to equal pay"

### 4) Laudable (Adjective) - प्रशंसनीय

**Meaning:** deserving praise and commendation.

**Synonyms:** praiseworthy, commendable, admirable

**Antonyms:** blameworthy, shameful

**Usage:** "laudable though the aim might be, the results have been criticized"

### 5) Spurring (Verb) - प्रोत्साहितकरना

**Meaning:** give an incentive or encouragement to (someone).

**Synonyms:** encourage, prompt, propel

**Antonyms:** counterincentive, disincentive, block

**Usage:** "her sons' passion for computer games spurred her on to set up a software business"

#### 6) Trifle (Noun) - कममूल्ययामहत्वकीचीज

**Meaning:** a thing of little value or importance.

**Synonyms:** inessential, nothing, technicality

**Antonyms:** essential, rudiment

**Usage:** "we needn't trouble the headmaster over such trifles"

#### 7) Whopping (Adjective) - विशाल

**Meaning:** very large.

**Synonyms:** huge, massive, enormous

**Antonyms:** microminiature, microscopic

**Usage:** "a whopping £74 million loss"

#### 8) Turmoil (Noun) - उथल-पुथल

**Meaning:** a state of great disturbance, confusion, or uncertainty.

**Synonyms:** confusion, upheaval(s), turbulence

**Antonyms:** calm, peace

**Usage:** "the country was in turmoil"

#### 9) Rebuffed (Verb) - अस्वीकारकरदेना

**Meaning:** reject (someone or something) in an abrupt or ungracious manner.

**Synonyms:** reject, turn down, spurn

**Antonyms:** accept, welcome

**Usage:** "I asked her to be my wife, and was rebuffed in no uncertain terms"

#### 10) Contemplated (Verb) - विचारकरना

**Meaning:** look thoughtfully for a long time at.

**Synonyms:** look at, view, regard

**Antonyms:** rejected, rebuffed, shunned

**Usage:** "he contemplated his image in the mirrors"

#### 1) Semblance (Noun) - बाहरीदिखावा

**Meaning:** the outward appearance or apparent form of something, especially when the reality is different.

**Synonyms:** appearance, outward appearance, approximation

**Antonyms:** back, character, concrete

**Usage:** "she tried to force her thoughts back into some semblance of order"

#### 2) Inevitable (Noun) - अपरिहार्य

**Meaning:** certain to happen; unavoidable.

**Synonyms:** unavoidable, inescapable, bound to happen

**Antonyms:** avoidable, uncertain

**Usage:** "war was inevitable"

#### 3) Combating (Verb) - संग्रामकरना

**Meaning:** take action to reduce or prevent (something bad or undesirable).

**Synonyms:** fight, battle against, do battle with

**Antonyms:** give in to

**Usage:** "an effort to combat drug trafficking"

#### 4) Malady (Noun) - एकबीमारी

**Meaning:** a disease or ailment.

**Synonyms:** illness, sickness, ailment

**Antonyms:** health, wellness, comfort

**Usage:** "an incurable malady"

#### 5) Reconciliation (Noun) - सुलह

**Meaning:** the restoration of friendly relations.

**Synonyms:** reuniting, reunion, conciliation

**Antonyms:** estrangement, alienation, feud

**Usage:** "his reconciliation with your uncle"

#### 6) Discord (Noun) - कलह

**Meaning:** disagreement between people.

**Synonyms:** strife, conflict, friction

**Antonyms:** agreement, accord, harmony

**Usage:** "a prosperous family who showed no signs of discord"

### 7) Cynical (Noun) - निंदक

**Meaning:** doubtful as to whether something will happen or whether it is worthwhile.

**Synonyms:** sceptical, doubtful, distrustful

**Antonyms:** optimistic, credulous

**Usage:** "most residents are cynical about efforts to clean mobsters out of their city"

### 8) Quaint (Adjective) - असामान्ययापुरानेजमानेका

**Meaning:** attractively unusual or old-fashioned.

**Synonyms:** picturesque, charming, sweet

**Antonyms:** modern, ugly, normal

**Usage:** "quaint country cottages"

### 9) Frayed (Verb) - उधेड़जानायाघिसजाना

**Meaning:** unravel or become worn at the edge, typically through constant rubbing.

**Synonyms:** unravel, wear, wear thin

**Antonyms:** pristine, new, current

**Usage:** "cheap fabric soon frays"

### 10) Detained (Verb) - पकड़ेरहनायाहिरासतमेंलेना

**Meaning:** officially seize and hold (goods).

**Synonyms:** hold, take into custody

**Antonyms:** release

**Usage:** "customs officers may detain goods for up to two days"

### 1) Fragile (Adjective) - नाजुक

**Meaning:** easily broken or damaged.

**Synonyms:** breakable, easily broken, brittle

**Antonyms:** robust

**Usage:** "fragile items such as glass and china"

### 2) Exodus (Noun) - निष्क्रमण

**Meaning:** a mass departure of people.

**Synonyms:** withdrawal, evacuation, leaving

**Antonyms:** arrival

**Usage:** "the annual exodus of sun-seeking Canadians to Florida"

### 3) Herding (Verb) - एकसमूहमेंलेजाना

**Meaning:** move in a group.

**Synonyms:** drive, round up, shepherd

**Antonyms:** neglecting, overlooking, disregarding

**Usage:** "they were herded into a bus"

### 4) Indictment (Noun) - अभियोग

**Meaning:** a formal charge or accusation of a serious crime.

**Synonyms:** charge, accusation

**Antonyms:** acquittal

**Usage:** "an indictment for conspiracy"

### 5) Impending (Verb) - आसन्न

**Meaning:** be about to happen.

**Synonyms:** imminent, at hand, close

**Antonyms:** late, recent, distant

**Usage:** "my impending departure"

### 6) Inept (Adjective) - अकुशल

**Meaning:** having or showing no skill; clumsy.

**Synonyms:** incompetent, unskilful, unskilled

**Antonyms:** competent

**Usage:** "the referee's inept handling of the match"

### 7) Surpassing (Adjective) - अतुलनीययाउत्कृष्ट

**Meaning:** incomparable or outstanding.

**Synonyms:** exceptional, extraordinary, remarkable

**Antonyms:** mediocre, poor

**Usage:** "a picture of surpassing beauty"

#### 8) Mitigation (Noun) - शमन

**Meaning:** the action of reducing the severity, seriousness, or painfulness of something.

**Synonyms:** alleviation, reduction, diminution

**Antonyms:** intensification

**Usage:** "the identification and mitigation of pollution"

#### 9) Stringent (Adjective) - कड़ीसेकड़ी

**Meaning:** strict, precise, and exacting.

**Synonyms:** strict, firm, rigid

**Antonyms:** lenient, flexible

**Usage:** "stringent guidelines on air pollution"

#### 10) Oblivious (Adjective) - बेखबर

**Meaning:** not aware of or concerned about what is happening around one.

**Synonyms:** unaware, unconscious, heedless

**Antonyms:** aware, conscious

**Usage:** "she became absorbed, oblivious to the passage of time"

Education Keeda